

Genesys Quality Management 8.1

Using Oracle with Genesys Quality Management

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Chapter

1 Introduction

This chapter provides an overview of this document, identifies the primary audience, introduces document conventions, and lists related reference information.

This chapter contains the following sections:

Document Purpose Audience Document Version Typographical Conventions Expected Knowledge

Document Purpose

This document covers the additional or differing processes in GQM installation and maintenance that are required when using an Oracle database instead of (or in addition to) the embedded PostgreSQL database provided by Genesys.

This document does not cover the installation, use and administration of Oracle databases – please refer to Oracle user documentation for this information.

Audience

This document is intended for system engineers and administrators responsible for installation and upgrading of Genesys Quality Management.

Document Version

The Genesys Quality Management products are provided by a partnership between Genesys and ZOOM International. The Genesys Quality Management products use a versioning format that represents a combination/joining of the versions used by these two separate entities. Although the Genesys Quality Management products and documentation use this combined versioning format, in much of the software and logs you will see the ZOOM versioning alone. You need to be aware of this, for example, when communicating with Technical Support.

The version for this document is based on the structure shown in the following diagram:



Typographical Conventions

Names of functions and buttons are in bold. For example: Upload.

File names, file paths, command parameters and scripts launched from the command line are in non-proportional font.

Referred documents are in italics. For example: see the document *This is a Document* for more information.

Code is placed on a gray background and bordered

Hyperlinks are shown in blue and underlined: http://genesyslab.com/support/contact.

Expected Knowledge

Readers of this document are expected to have the following skills or knowledge:

- Basic knowledge of the Genesys Call Recording system features and functionality.
- Knowledge of RedHat Enterprise Linux installation and configuration.
- Administrative knowledge of Oracle database systems.

- Unix system administration skills.
- Network administration skills.



Chapter

2 Overview

Since version 8.0.48x of Genesys Quality Management, Oracle databases have been supported in addition to (or instead of) the embedded PostgreSQL database supplied as part of the GQM installation. Oracle databases are more suitable for GQM installations requiring high throughput and performance (such as for large numbers of call center agents and simultaneous calls), and will often be part of an enterprise database strategy, enabling more efficient corporate maintenance and backup procedures to be used.

An Oracle database can be used as the only configured database (storing all system and call data), or it can be used in addition to the embedded PostgreSQL database for specific data, such as call information. These database mappings can be modified after GQM installation, although a system restart will be required after each change.

A typical use case for mixed database deployments is a larger cluster scenario, where multiple smaller distributed recorder installations (using embedded PostgreSQL databases) provide call data to a central Oracle-powered Replay Server.

This Guide covers two main operations: deploying GQM 8.1.50x with Oracle database support, and migrating existing data between PostgreSQL and Oracle.

All Oracle-specific operations such as database installation, setup and maintenance are the responsibility of the customer; Genesys will not provide direct support for maintaining Oracle databases as we do for the embedded PostgreSQL database.

Supported Oracle Versions

GQM 8.1.50x supports Oracle database version 11g and above.



Chapter



This section describes the additional steps that are required during GQM installation in order to use an Oracle database. For a detailed guide to installing GQM, please refer to the Implementation Guide.

This chapter contains the following sections:

Pre-install Tasks Installation and Setup



Pre-install Tasks

Before beginning the GQM installation, ensure you complete the following tasks:

1. Set up access and credentials (administrative database username & password and optional tablespace for GQM) in a running Oracle database instance. The administrative username and password is needed during installation for the create_schema.sh script.

Important

The Oracle database instance used for GQM MUST have its NLS_LANG setting set to the following:

AMERICAN AMERICA.AL32UTF8

This setting can be checked by running the following database query:

Select	* from nls_database_parameters; PARAMETER	VALUE
	NLS LANGUAGE	AMERICAN
	NLS TERRITORY	AMERICA
	NLS CURRENCY	\$
	NLS_ISO_CURRENCY	AMERICA
	NLS_NUMERIC_CHARACTERS	• /
	NLS_CHARACTERSET	AL32UTF8
	NLS_CALENDAR	GREGORIAN
	NLS_DATE_FORMAT	DD-MON-RR
	NLS_DATE_LANGUAGE	AMERICAN
	NLS_SORT	BINARY
	NLS_TIME_FORMAT	HH.MI.SSXFF AM
	NLS_TIMESTAMP_FORMAT	DD-MON-RR HH.MI.SSXFF AM
	NLS_TIME_TZ_FORMAT	HH.MI.SSXFF AM TZR
	NLS_TIMESTAMP_TZ_FORMAT	DD-MON-RR HH.MI.SSXFF AM TZR
	NLS_DUAL_CURRENCY	\$
	NLS_COMP	BINARY
	NLS_LENGTH_SEMANTICS	BYTE
	NLS_NCHAR_CONV_EXCP	FALSE
	NLS_NCHAR_CHARACTERSET	AL16UTF16
	NLS_RDBMS_VERSION	11.2.0.1.0

- 2. For any Oracle clients (for example Oracle SQL Developer) used with the GQM database schema, ensure that their host OS also has the NLS_LANG property set to AL32UTF8, which can be achieved as follows:
- On a Unix-based host OS, ensure the following system variable is defined:

```
NLS_LANG= AMERICAN_AMERICA.AL32UTF8
```

OraClient11g home1

See Installation and Setup for an example of how to achieve this in RedHat Linux.

On a Windows-based host OS, ensure the following registry key is set:
 "NLS_LANG"=" AMERICA.AL32UTF8"
 This registry key is in the Oracle HOME registry branch, which can be found
 at the following locations for Oracle 11g:
 either:
 HKEY_LOCAL_MACHINE\SOFTWARE\ORACLE\KEY_OraClient11g_
 home1
 or:
 HKEY_LOCAL_MACHINE\SOFTWARE\Wow6432Node\ORACLE\KEY

Genesys Quality Management 8.1

Installation and Setup

This guide assumes a new installation of GQM 8.1.50x. Earlier versions of GQM must be upgraded to at least version 8.0.48x using the upgrade wizard or manual upgrade methods before the following steps can be attempted (see the Upgrade Guide).

A basic overview of installation and setup is included here – please refer to the Implementation Guide for details of the standard installation procedure.

Run Standard Installer and Setup

- Start the installer from the DVD / ISO and install the required Operating System (RHEL) as normal.
- After OS installation and a system restart, log in as root administrator and start GQM setup (/opt/callrec/bin/callrec-setup).

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				+
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Figure 1: Selecting the Oracle Database Client

 On the services screen, select Oracle Database Client and unselect Database Service (the embedded PostgreSQL database).

Important:

If you wish to install and set up the embedded PostgreSQL database in addition to Oracle, you must run GQM setup twice; the first time selecting Database Service, and the second time selecting Oracle Database Client as described here.

After installation is complete, database pools, such as call data and Quality Manager data, can then be assigned to the different databases as appropriate – see Database Pool Mapping.



Figure 2: Oracle Database Configuration

- Enter the Oracle database credentials as follows:
- 1. Oracle IP Address (or hostname): for example oracle.mycompany.com
- 2. Oracle Port: default is 1521
- 3. Oracle Database (or service name for Call Recording schema): for example zoomdb
- 4. Oracle User (Call Recording database user): for example callrec
- 5. Oracle Password (Call Recording user password): default is callrec
- 6. Oracle WBSC Database (or service name for Quality Manager schema): for example zoomdb
- 7. Oracle WBSC User (Quality Manager database user): for example wbsc

8. Oracle WBSC Password (Quality Manager user password): default is wbsc

Tip:

Within the Call Recording product, the term 'callrec' will often be seen, which is synonymous with this product.

Similarly, the terms 'scorecard' and 'wbsc' are synonymous with the Quality Manager product, and 'screenrec' is synonymous with the Screen Capture product.

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Restart of (Call Recording setup restart	is recomm		
< Yes >	< Back >	N <mark>o ></mark> < E:	xit >	+ -+

Figure 3: Do Not Restart Call Recording

- On the screen asking if you wish to restart Call Recording after completing Call Recording setup, make sure you select **No**.
- Complete the GQM setup.

Set System Variables

- After GQM setup is complete, you must set the system variable NLS_ LANG to the following value for correct Oracle Client character set selection: AMERICAN AMERICA.AL32UTF8
- 1. To check the current setting, ensure that you are logged in as the root user and run the following command:

```
env | grep NLS_LANG
[output:]
```

NLS_LANG=AMERICAN_AMERICA.AL32UTF8

2. If the command output is not the same as the above, run the following commands to set the NLS_LANG system variable:

```
echo >> ~/.bash_profile "NLS_LANG=\"AMERICA.AL32UTF8\""
echo >> ~/.bash_profile "export NLS_LANG"
source ~/.bash_profile
```

Install the Database Schema

When configuring an Oracle connection for the first time, create the Call Recording and Quality Manager user schema (database tables, triggers, etc.) in the Oracle database. This is achieved in one operation by running a schema creation script in the /opt/callrec/db_oracle_scripts/scripts directory.

Tip:

If you wish to remove existing Call Recording and Quality Manager schema from the Oracle database, see <u>Removing the Database</u> <u>Schema</u>.

The script is available in two versions; the create_schemas.sh script is a Linux shell script, while the create_schemas.bat script is a Windows DOS script. In either case, the script must be run on a host server that has the Oracle 11g database client installed. This Oracle client software is automatically included as part of the GQM installation process, so the create_schemas.sh. Linux script can be run directly on the GQM server, as described here. An additional benefit of running the schema creation script on the GQM server, is that you also ensure that there is correct connectivity between the server and Oracle database.

The Linux version of the script must be run by the root user. The script's usage and parameters are as follows:

```
sh create_schemas.sh [system_user] [system_password] [database_name]
[callrec_schema_name] [wbsc_schema_name] [options]
```

The DOS version is similar to the Linux version, but create_schemas.bat is run without the sh command preceding it.

The following parameters are required:

- system_user: Username of database administrator account (see Preinstall Tasks).
- system password: Password of database administrator account.
- database_name: Database name, in the form: //hostname.domain.com:port/servicename for example: //oracle.mycompany.com:1521/zoomdb.
- callrec_schema_name: Call Recording schema user entered as Oracle User earlier during GQM setup.
- wbsc_schema_name: Quality Manager schema user entered as Oracle WBSC User earlier during GQM setup.

You can also type: sh create_schemas.sh [without parameters] to view this parameter list.

The following options can also be specified (not required in a standard installation):

--tbscallrec value: name of tablespace used for Call Recording (default: USERS).

--tbswbsc value: name of tablespace used for Quality Manager (default: USERS).

--temptbs value: name of tablespace for temporary files (default: TEMP).

 $--data \ Y \ [or] \ N$: create default data: user admin, roles, etc. (default: Y). This should normally be set to Y for new installations – the only case where the data is not required is when preparing a new database for migration of existing data.

--create_admin Y [or] N: create the user callrec_wbsc_admin with administrative rights for the Call Recording and Quality Manager schema (default: N).

This user has the following default credentials:

```
username:callrec_wbsc_admin
password:adm
```

See the following Linux example:

```
cd /opt/callrec/db_oracle_scripts/scripts
sh create_schemas.sh system sys //oracle.mycompany.com:1521/zoomdb callrec
wbsc --tbscallrec USERS --tbswbsc USERS --temptbs TEMP --data Y --create_
admin Y
```

Update Oracle Schema

After the create_schema.sh script is run, the new Call Recording and Quality Manager schema users have their passwords set to the **default** password values on the **Oracle configuration** screen in GQM setup. See the **Oracle User Password** and **Oracle WBSC User Password** properties in the chapter: <u>Run Standard Installer and Setup</u> for more details. If the default values were used, no updates are required.

 If different password values were used, reset the passwords for these Call Recording and Quality Manager schema users within Oracle.
 Please consult the Oracle documentation for how to reset database user passwords.

Start Call Recording

 After schema installation is complete, start Call Recording at the command line, ensuring that the Call Recording Core service starts (indicating correct database connection):

service callrec start

Note that some other services may not start since they are not fully configured or await license activation – see the Implementation Guide for more details.

Installation and basic setup are now complete. Configure Call Recording and Quality Manager via their respective web interfaces (see the Call Recording Administration Guide and Quality Manager Administration Guide).

Troubleshooting Database Parameters

If there are any issues in starting up, check the database parameters in /opt/callrec/etc/core.xml, and the error log at /opt/callrec/logs/error.log.

After completing GQM setup with the Oracle Database Client service activated, the core.xml file should contain database pool configuration entries similar to the following (here with the default entries used earlier):

<Pool name="callrec"

poolType="cz.zoom.util.db.pool.ibatis.IbatisPool">

```
<Url dbName="zoomdb" host="oracle.mycompany.com" port="1521"/>
```

```
<Login password="callrec" userName="callrec"/>
```

```
<Connections init="1" max="20" timeOut="5"/>
```

```
<SpecificSetting>
        <Value name="sqlMapClass">
cz.zoom.callrec.core.callstorage.pojo.oracle.SqlMap</Value>
</SpecificSetting>
    </Pool>
   <Pool name="Maintenance"
poolType="cz.zoom.util.db.pool.ibatis.IbatisPool">
      <Url dbName="zoomdb" host="oracle.mycompany.com" port="1521"/>
      <Login password="callrec" userName="callrec"/>
      <Connections init="1" max="20" timeOut="5"/>
      <SpecificSetting>
        <Value name="sqlMapClass">
cz.zoom.callrec.tools.bean.oracle.SqlMap</Value>
      </SpecificSetting>
      </Pool>
    <Pool name="keymanager"
poolType="cz.zoom.util.db.pool.ibatis.IbatisPool">
      <Url dbName="zoomdb" host="oracle.mycompany.com" port="1521"/>
      <Login password="callrec" userName="callrec"/>
      <Connections init="1" max="20" timeOut="5"/>
      <SpecificSetting>
        <Value name="sqlMapClass">
cz.zoom.callrec.keyman.impl.pojo.oracle.SqlMap</Value>
      </SpecificSetting>
    </Pool>
    <Pool name="scorecard"
poolType="cz.zoom.util.db.pool.ibatis.IbatisPool">
      <Url dbName="zoomdb" host="oracle.mycompany.com" port="1521"/>
      <Login password="wbsc" userName="wbsc"/>
      <Connections init="1" max="20" timeOut="5"/>
      <SpecificSetting>
       <Value name="sqlMapClass">
cz.zoom.scorecard.business.data.xmlOracle.SqlMap</Value>
      </SpecificSetting>
    </Pool>
```

Modify the dbName, host, password, and username properties (for all occurrences) if required, then restart Call Recording:

service callrec restart

If there are issues with connections between Call Recording or Quality Manager to the Oracle database instance, please contact Genesys Support.



Chapter

Database Migration

This section covers the scripts and procedures necessary to migrate Call Recording and Quality Manager database data between the embedded PostgreSQL database and an external Oracle database; both PostgreSQL to Oracle and Oracle to PostgreSQL migration can be performed.

For customers with existing GQM deployments using PostgreSQL, the pattern of deployment and migration depends on the current version and products you have installed. See the <u>Deployment and Migration Scenarios</u> section.

This chapter contains the following sections:

Deployment and Migration Scenarios Migration Requirements Call Recording Migration Quality Manager Migration

Deployment and Migration Scenarios

The following scenarios illustrate the basic tasks necessary to accomplish a successful migration to an Oracle database for the given installed software versions. These scenarios use GQM 8.1.500 as the final target version; however the minimum target version is 8.0.48x, in order to leverage the Oracle database.

Call Recording Only (Existing version: 8.0.46x - 8.0.47x)

- <u>Create new 8.1.500+ Installation with Oracle</u> Upgrade existing Call Recording PostgreSQL database to latest minor version (using database scripts provided with official Call Recording ISO in /opt/callrec/dbscripts/updates directory).
- Perform Call Recording database migration of calls to 8.1.500+ (using /opt/callrec/bin/dbmigration script included with the 8.1.50x installation, with a correctly configured /opt/callrec/etc/migration.xml file for PostgreSQL to Oracle migration).

Call Recording (8.0.46x – 8.1.50x) + Quality Manager

- <u>Create new 8.1.500+ Installation with Oracle</u>
- Upgrade existing Call Recording PostgreSQL database to latest minor version (using database scripts provided with official Call Recording ISO in /opt/callrec/dbscripts/updates directory).
- <u>Perform Call Recording database migration of calls</u> to 8.1.500+ (using /opt/callrec/bin/dbmigration script included with the 8.1.50x installation).
- Upgrade existing Quality Manager PostgreSQL database to version 8.1.500+ (using /opt/callrec/bin/scmigration2 script in the 8.1.50x installation, with a correctly configured /opt/callrec/etc/migration.xml file for PostgreSQL to PostgreSQL migration).
- <u>Perform Quality Manager database migration</u> from PostgreSQL to Oracle (using /opt/callrec/bin/scmigration2 script in the 8.1.50x installation, with a correctly configured /opt/callrec/etc/migration.xml file for PostgreSQL to Oracle migration).

Migration Requirements

The following information specifies the product and database version requirements for Call Recording and Quality Manager database migration.

Important:

1. Quality Manager migration from PostgreSQL to Oracle requires a SOURCE installation of GQM 8.0.48x (or higher), due to schema incompatibilities with earlier database versions.

For Quality Manager 8.0.46x - 8.0.47x migration to Oracle, it is therefore necessary to FIRST upgrade the earlier GQM version to GQM 8.0.48x (or higher) before attempting data migration.

Please refer to the Upgrade Guide for the supported upgrade procedure.

2. Migrated Quality Manager evaluations will not be playable without separate (Call Recording) migration of the calls used in the evaluations.

Call Recording Database Migration

PostgreSQL to Oracle

Source database:

PostgreSQL database for an existing Call Recording 8.0.46x(or higher) installation (PostgreSQL 8.4 or higher is required for GQM (8.0.46x or higher) installations).

Target database:

Empty Oracle 11g (or higher) database.

Oracle to PostgreSQL

Source database:

Oracle: 11g (or higher) database for an existing GQM 8.0.48x (or higher) installation.

Target database:

Empty PostgreSQL 8.4 (or higher) database.

Quality Manager Database Migration

PostgreSQL to Oracle

Source database:

PostgreSQL database for an existing GQM 8.0.48x (or higher) installation.

Target database:

Empty Oracle 11g (or higher) database.

Oracle to PostgreSQL

Source database:

Oracle: 11g (or higher) database for an existing GQM 8.0.48x (or higher) installation.

Target database:

Empty PostgreSQL 8.4 (or higher) database.

Migration Overview

Before running the migration scripts, the target database must be empty; if any data does exist from an earlier migration, this is likely to be overwritten.

The following migration procedure is based on the migration of an existing GQM 8.1.50x installation with embedded PostgreSQL database to Oracle. A functional, empty Oracle database instance is assumed, with no pre-created Call Recording or Quality Manager schema.

The migration scripts create two separate Oracle schema for Call Recording and Quality Manager.

The entire migration process is performed at the command line, logged in as the root user with full permissions. A working knowledge of XML syntax is assumed.

Call Recording Migration

Edit the migration configuration XML file at

/opt/callrec/etc/migration.xml as follows:

Source Database Pool

Within the Database node, create and insert a new database pool, representing the source ('from') database (in this case PostgreSQL), using the following code (with values for host, port, dbName, username, password updated appropriately):

```
<Pool name="callrec50xsource"

poolType="cz.zoom.util.db.pool.ibatis.IbatisPool">

    <Url host="localhost" port="5432" dbName="callrec"/>

    <Login userName="callrec" password="callrec"/>

    <Connections max="20" init="1" timeOut="5"/>

    <SpecificSetting>

    <Value name="sqlMapClass">

cz.zoom.callrec.tools.migration.db.version50.SqlMap</Value>

    </SpecificSetting>

    </Pool>
```

Important:

Note that the sqlMapClass value must be correct, reflecting the correct version (version50 = Call Recording database version 8.1.500+) and database driver (PostgreSQL).

The pool names used can differ, as long as they are unique and correctly referenced later.

Target Database Pool

Create and insert a second new database pool below the first, representing the target ('to') database (in this case Oracle), using the following code (with values for host, port, dbName, username, password updated appropriately):

```
<Pool name="callrec50xtarget"
```

```
<Connections max="20" init="1" timeOut="5"/>
<SpecificSetting>
<Value name="sqlMapClass">
cz.zoom.callrec.tools.migration.db.version50.oracle.SqlMap</Value>
</SpecificSetting>
</Pool>
```

The sqlMapClass value must reflect the correct version and database driver. For Oracle, this value would be:

```
cz.zoom.ca-
llrec.tools.migration.db.version50.oracle.SqlMap
```

For PostgreSQL, this value would be the same as used for the earlier source pool, that is:

cz.zoom.callrec.tools.migration.db.version50.SqlMap

Source and Target Assignment

Finally, the new source and target database pools need to be correctly assigned for the migration operation. This is achieved by adding the following two nodes in the SpecifiedConfiguration section:

Export Node

Within the first Group node (with name value set as export) add the following EqualGroup node, ensuring the dbPool value reflects the source database pool name you defined earlier:

```
<EqualGroup name="export">

<Value name="name">cr50xsource</Value>

<Value name="dbPool">callrec50xsource</Value>

<Value name="class">

cz.zoom.callrec.tools.migration.db.version50.ExportImpl</Value>

</EqualGroup>
```

The class value should again represent the correct version (8.1.500 here) and database driver (PostgreSQL here). The 8.1.500 Oracle class value would be: cz.zoom.ca-

llrec.tools.migration.db.version50.oracle.ExportImpl

The name value used (cr50xsource) can be any permitted within XML syntax rules, and will be the export reference name used later when running the migration scripts.

Import Node

Similarly, within the second Group node (with name value set as imports) add the following EqualGroup node, ensuring the dbPool value reflects the target database pool name you defined earlier:

```
<EqualGroup name="import">

<Value name="name">cr50xtarget</Value>

<Value name="dbPool">callrec50xtarget</Value>

<Value name="class">

cz.zoom.callrec.tools.migration.db.version50.oracle.ImportImpl

</Value>

</EqualGroup>
```

Once again, ensure the correct classvalue is used (the class here representing database version 8.1.500 for the Oracle driver). The equivalent class value for the 8.1.500 PostgreSQL database driver would be:

cz.zoom.callrec.tools.migration.db.version50.ImportImpl

The name value used (cr50xtarget) can be any permitted within XML syntax rules, and will be the import reference name used later when running the migration scripts.

Run the Migration Script

After saving the migration.xml file, the Call Recording migration script can be run. This takes the following form:

```
/opt/callrec/bin/dbmigration [-config <config> | -configfile <configfile>]
[-countCRC] [-dryrun] [-export <name>] [-import <name>] [-limit <limit>] [-
logger <logger>] [-migrate <options>] [-nobind]
```

The parameters and options are as follows:

Parameter	Option(s)
-config <config></config>	URL to running configuration manager, for example //localhost:30400/migration Use this method OR -configfile
-configfile <configfile></configfile>	Use a configuration file, for example /opt/callrec/etc/migration.xml Use this method OR -config

Parameter	Option(s)
-countCRC	Check and count the CRC for each file
	WARNING: this will heavily impair migration performance
-dryrun	Test mode - don't modify files or database. Displays all operations that will be performed.
-export <export></export>	Specify the export database configuration group, for example cr50xsource
-help	display usage help
-import <import></import>	Specify the import database configuration group, for example cr50xtarget
-limit <limit></limit>	limit number of calls processed at one time. Default value: 1000
-logger <logger></logger>	<pre>log4j properties file to define the logging properties (doesn't exist by default) for example /opt/callrec/etc/migration.log4j.properties</pre>
	Similar to all Call Recording tool/script log4j parameters (see similar xxxx.log4j.properties files in the /opt/callrec/etc/ directory)
-migrate <migrate></migrate>	What to migrate – select from the following options: all – both OLD Quality Manager & Call Recording (note that this option will remove OLD Quality Manager if it exists in the target database)
	callrec – all Call Recording data
	calls – Call data
	roles – User roles
-nobind	Do not attempt to bind to the RMI registry. This option is only enabled in exceptional circumstances – normally it should be ignored. Default is to bind to RMI.

Table 1: Parameters and Options

Sample (minimal)

/opt/callrec/bin/dbmigration -migrate callrec -export cr50xsource -import cr50xtarget

It is recommended to try a test run of the script using the -dryrun option (see the parameters above), before attempting a 'real' data migration.

After running the 'real' migration, use an Oracle database administration tool, such as Oracle SQL Developer or TOAD, to verify that the migration has taken place.

Quality Manager Migration

Quality Manager migration configuration is very similar to the earlier Call Recording method. Quality Manager can either be migrated from/to the same Oracle database (but different schema) as Call Recording, or from/to a completely different Oracle database. In this case, the former default scenario is used, which migrates Quality Manager from an embedded PostgreSQL database to the same Oracle database as Call Recording (but different schema).

Once again, edit the migration configuration XML file at /opt/callrec/etc/migration.xml as follows.

Source Database Pool

Within the Database node, create and insert a new database pool, representing the source ('from') Quality Manager database (in this case PostgreSQL), using the following code (with values for host, port, dbName, username, password updated appropriately):

```
<Pool name="scorecard50xsource"

poolType="cz.zoom.util.db.pool.ibatis.IbatisPool">

    <Url host="localhost" port="5432" dbName="callrec"/>

    <Login userName="wbsc" password="wbsc"/>

    <Connections max="20" init="1" timeOut="5"/>

    <SpecificSetting>

    <Value name="sqlMapClass">

cz.zoom.scorecard.business.data.SqlMap</Value>

    </SpecificSetting>

    </Pool>
```

Note that the sqlMapClass value must be correct (and is different to that for the Call Recording version).

For PostgreSQL, this value would be: cz.zoom.scorecard.business.data.SqlMap

For Oracle, this value would be: cz.zoom.scorecard.business.data.xmlOracle.SqlMap

The pool names used can differ, as long as they are unique and correctly referenced later.

Target Database Pool

Create and insert a second new database pool below the first, representing the target ('to') Quality Manager database (in this case Oracle), using the following code (again with values for host, port, dbName, username, password updated appropriately):

```
<Pool name="scorecard50xtarget"

poolType="cz.zoom.util.db.pool.ibatis.IbatisPool">

    <Url host="oracle.mycompany.com" port="1521" dbName="zoomdb"/>

    <Login userName="wbsc" password="wbsc"/>

    <Connections max="20" init="1" timeOut="5"/>

    <SpecificSetting>

    <Value name="sqlMapClass">

cz.zoom.scorecard.business.data.xmlOracle.SqlMap</Value>

    </SpecificSetting>

    </Pool>
```

The sqlMapClassvalue must be correct as in the sample.

For Oracle, this value would be the same as used for the earlier source pool: cz.zoom.scorecard.business.data.xmlOracle.SqlMap

For PostgreSQL, this value is: cz.zoom.scorecard.business.data.SqlMap

Source and Target Assignment

The new Quality Manager source and target database pools need to be correctly assigned for the migration operation. However, unlike the earlier Call Recording method, a complete new SpecifiedConfiguration node must be created within the Configuration node, which will then contain the export and import nodes.

For clarity, the whole new SpecifiedConfiguration node is shown below, which should be added after the first (Call Recording)

SpecifiedConfiguration node (with name value migration), but still within the Configuration node.

```
<SpecifiedConfiguration name="scorecardMigration">
  <Group name="exports">
   <EqualGroup name="export" egName="sc50xsource">
        <Value name="dbPool">scorecard50xsource</Value>
        <Value name="class">cz.zoom.scorecard.migration.ExportImpl</Value>
        <//EqualGroup>
```

```
</Group>

<Group name="imports">

<EqualGroup name="import" egName="sc50xtarget">

<Value name="dbPool">scorecard50xtarget</Value>

<Value name="class">cz.zoom.scorecard.migration.ImportImpl</Value>

</EqualGroup>

</Group>

</SpecifiedConfiguration>
```

For the first Group node (with name value set as exports), ensure the EqualGroup node's dbPool value reflects the Quality Manager source database pool name defined earlier. Similarly, within the second Group node (with name value set as imports) ensure that the EqualGroup node's dbPool value reflects the Quality Manager target database pool name defined earlier.

Important:

The export and import Quality Manager EqualGroup configuration nodes are the same as for Call Recording, apart from two minor differences:

- The name property for EqualGroup nodes is here renamed to egName

- The class values do not change depending on database type and version

Run the Migration Script

After saving the changes made to the migration.xml file, the Quality Manager migration script can now be run. This takes the following form:

```
/opt/callrec/bin/scmigration2 [-config <config> | -configfile
<configfile>] [-export <name>] [-import <name>]
[-limit <limit>] [-logger <logger>] [-migrate <options>]
```

The parameters and options are as follows:

Parameter	Option(s)
-config <config></config>	URL to running configuration manager, for example, //localhost:30400/migration
	Use this method OR -configfile
-configfile	Use a configuration file, for example /opt/callrec/etc/migration.xml
<configfile></configfile>	Use this method OR -config
-export <export></export>	Specify the export database configuration group, for example, sc50xsource
-help	display usage help
-import <import></import>	Specify the import database configuration group, for example <pre>sc50xtarget</pre>
-limit <limit></limit>	limit number of evaluations processed at one time. Default value: 1000
-logger <logger></logger>	<pre>log4j properties file to define the logging properties (doesn't exist by default) for example /opt/callrec/etc/scmigration2.log4j.properties Similar to all Call Recording tool/script log4j parameters (see similar xxxx.log4j.properties files in the /opt/callrec/etc/ directory)</pre>
-migrate <migrate></migrate>	What to migrate – select from the following options: all – all Quality Manager data (users, questionnaires, evaluation data) users – users only questforms – questionnaires only usersquestforms – users and questionnaires only Important: Playing Evaluations Migrated Quality Manager evaluations will not be playable without separate (Call Recording) migration of the calls used in the evaluations.

Table 2: Migration Options

Sample (minimal)

/opt/callrec/bin/scmigration2 -configurl //localhost:30400/migration -export sc50xsource -import sc50xtarget -migrate all -limit 1000 After running the migration, use an Oracle database administration tool, such as Oracle SQL Developer or TOAD, to verify that the migration has taken place.



Chapter

5 Oracle Mapping and Maintenance

The majority of Oracle database maintenance tasks are beyond the scope of this document, and are the responsibility of the Oracle database administrator. However, the following procedures are specific to the GQM installation.

This chapter contains the following sections:

Database Pool Mapping Removing the Database Schema

Database Pool Mapping

Database pools (such as those for call data, Quality Manager data, etc.) can be mapped to different database instances, if these are available to GQM (for example, several Oracle database instances, or both the embedded PostgreSQL database and an Oracle database instance, or other external PostgreSQL / Oracle databases, etc.).

Re-mapping database pools can be accomplished in the Call Recording Web GUI and directly in the XML configuration files. In both cases, Call Recording will need to be restarted.

Important:

Switching databases can lead to configuration data loss! If database pools such as the main callrec pool are re-mapped on a configured system, any existing configuration data (such as recording rules, users and passwords) will need to be re-entered.

Call Recording Web GUI

After logging in as system administrator in the Call Recording Web GUI, navigate to the **Settings > Configuration > Call Recording Core > Database** tab.

Servers			
Database	Database		
CallREC Core			
Drivers and Readers			
SMTP setting	callrec		
	Pool name (for CallREC set "callrec")	callrec	
	Pool type	Ibatis pool	-
	SQL map	Callstorage (PostgreS	QL) 🔻
	Host	192.168.110.78	
	Port	5432	
	Database	callrec	L
	Login name	callrec	2
	Password	callrec	Г
	Maximum connections	20	
	Connections on init	1	
Save configuration	Timeout	5	

Figure 4: Database Pool Mapping in the Web GUI

- 1. For each database pool (for example callrec), select the appropriate database mapping from the dropdown **SQL map** field.
- 2. Update the connection details as required.
- 3. When complete, click Save configuration.

Restart Call Recording (see below for one method).

XML Configuration Files

• After logging in as the root user to the server on which the Configuration Service is running (this is the Call Recording server for single server installations), edit the /opt/callrec/etc/core.xml file, which contains the database pool configuration.

The following xml snippets show the main Call Recording call data pool xml for (default) Oracle and PostgreSQL mapping.

Oracle Mapping Sample:

```
<Pool name="callrec" poolType="cz.zoom.util.db.pool.ibatis.IbatisPool">
	<Url dbName="zoomdb" host="oracle.mycompany.com" port="1521"/>
	<Login password="callrec" userName="callrec"/>
	<Connections init="1" max="20" timeOut="5"/>
	<SpecificSetting>
		<Value name="sqlMapClass">
	cz.zoom.callrec.core.callstorage.pojo.oracle.SqlMap</Value>
	</SpecificSetting>
	</Pool>
```

PostgreSQL Mapping Sample:

```
<Pool name="callrec" poolType="cz.zoom.util.db.pool.ibatis.IbatisPool">
    </Url dbName="callrec" host="192.168.110.78" port="5432"/>
    </Login password="callrec" userName="callrec"/>
    </Connections init="1" max="20" timeOut="5"/>
    </SpecificSetting>
    </Value name="sqlMapClass">
    cz.zoom.callrec.core.callstorage.pojo.SqlMap</Value>
    <//SpecificSetting>
    <//Pool>
```

• Edit the database pool mapping (ensuring that you assign the correct sqlMapClass – see samples above) and save the file.

• Restart the Call Recording service by typing the command: service callrec restart.

Removing the Database Schema

If an attempt at installing the Call Recording and Quality Manager database schema was only partially successful, or they are no longer required in the Oracle database, remove the schema using the drop_schemas script (in the same scripts directory as the create_schemas script:/opt/callrec/db_ oracle_scripts/scripts).

The removal script is available in two versions; the drop_schemas.sh script is a Linux shell script, and the drop_schemas.bat script is a Windows DOS script.

The script's usage and parameters are as follows (for the Linux version):

```
sh drop_schemas.sh [system_user] [system_password] [database_name]
[callrec_schema_name] [wbsc_schema_name] [options]
```

The DOS version is similar to the Linux version, but drop_schemas.bat is run without the sh command preceding it.

The following parameters are required:

- system_user: Username of database administrator account (see Pre-install Tasks).
- system password: Password of database administrator account.
- database_name: Database name, in the form: //hostname.domain.com:port/servicename for example: //oracle.mycompany.com:1521/zoomdb.
- callrec_schema_name: Call Recording schema user; by default this is the Oracle User value on the Oracle parameters screen in GQM Setup.
- wbsc_schema_name: Quality Manager schema user; by default this is the WBSC User value on the Oracle parameters screen in GQM Setup.

You can also type: sh create_schema.sh [without parameters] to view this parameter list.

The following options can also be specified (not required in a standard installation):

--drop_admin Y [or] N: delete the user callrec_wbsc_admin. This user is created by the create_schemas script when the create_admin Y option is specified. The user has administrative rights for the Call Recording and Quality Manager schema. See the topic <u>Install the Database Schema</u> for more information.

See the following Linux example:

```
cd /opt/callrec/db_oracle_scripts/scripts
sh drop_schemas.sh system sys //oracle.mycompany.com:1521/zoomdb
callrec wbsc --drop admin Y
```



Chapter

6

Additional Reference

For Additional information about Oracle, please refer to the official Oracle user documentation at:

http://www.oracle.com/technetwork/database/enterpriseedition/documentation/index.html

Chapter 6 Additional Reference



Chapter

7 **Request Technical Support**

Technical Support from VARs

If you have purchased support from a value-added reseller (VAR), contact the VAR for technical support.

Technical Support from Genesys

If you have purchased support directly from Genesys, please contact http://genesyslab.com/support/contact Genesys Technical Support.



Chapter 7 Request Technical Support